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- (h) Downgrading means a determination by a declassification authority that information classified and safeguarded at a specified level shall be classified and safeguarded at a lower level.
- $\begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(i)} & \textit{Foreign} & \textit{government} & \textit{information} \\ \\ \text{means:} \end{array}$
- (1) Information provided to the United States Government by a foreign government or governments, an international organization of governments, or any element thereof, with the expectation that the information, the source of the information, or both, are to be held in confidence:
- (2) Information produced by the United States pursuant to or as a result of a joint arrangement with a foreign government or governments, or an international organization of governments, or any element thereof, requiring that the information, the arrangement, or both, are to be held in confidence; or
- (3) Information received and treated as "Foreign Government Information" under the terms of Executive Order 13526 or any predecessor order.
- (j) Mandatory declassification review means the review for declassification of classified information in response to a request for declassification that meets the requirements under section 3.5 of Executive Order 13526.
- (k) *Multiple sources* means two or more source documents, classification guides, or a combination of both.
- (1) National security means the national defense or foreign relations of the United States.
- (m) Need to know means a determination made by an authorized holder of classified information that a prospective recipient requires access to specific classified information in order to perform or assist in a lawful and authorized governmental function.
- (n) Original classification means an initial determination that information requires, in the interest of national security, protection against unauthorized disclosure.
- (o) Original classification authority means an individual authorized in writing, either by the President, or by agency heads or other officials designated by the President, to classify information in the first instance.

- (p) Self-inspection means the internal review and evaluation of individual Commission activities and the Commission as a whole with respect to the implementation of the program established under Executive Order 13526 and its implementing directives.
- (q) Senior agency official means the official designated by the Chairman under section 5.4(d) of Executive Order 13526 to direct and administer the Commission's program under which classified information is safeguarded.
- (r) Source document means an existing document that contains classified information that is incorporated, paraphrased, restated, or generated in new form into a new document.
- (s) Unauthorized disclosure means a communication or physical transfer of classified information to an unauthorized recipient.

[64 FR 23547, May 3, 1999, as amended at 76 FR 10263, Feb. 24, 2011]

§ 503.52 Senior agency official.

The Managing Director is designated as Senior Agency Official of the Commission, and shall be responsible for directing, administering and reporting on the Commission's information security program, which includes oversight (self-inspection) and security information programs to ensure effective implementation of Executive Orders 13526 and 12968 and 32 CFR part 2001.

[76 FR 10263, Feb. 24, 2011]

§ 503.53 Oversight Committee.

- An Oversight Committee is established, under the chairmanship of the Senior Agency Official with the following responsibilities:
- (a) Establish a Commission security education program to familiarize all personnel who have or may have access to classified information with the provisions of Executive Order 13526 and directives of the Information Security Oversight Office. The program shall include initial, refresher, and termination briefings:
- (b) Establish controls to ensure that classified information is used, processed, stored, reproduced, and transmitted only under conditions that will provide adequate protection and prevent access by unauthorized persons;

- (c) Act on all suggestions and complaints concerning the Commission's information security program;
- (d) Recommend appropriate administrative action to correct abuse or violations of any provision of Executive Order 13526; and
- (e) Consider and decide other questions concerning classification and declassification that may be brought before it.

[49 FR 44401, Nov. 6, 1984, as amended at 64 FR 23548, May 3, 1999; 76 FR 10263, Feb. 24, 2011]

§ 503.54 Original classification.

- (a) No Commission Member or employee has the authority to originally classify information
- (b) If a Commission Member or employee develops information that appears to require classification, or receives any foreign government information as defined in section 6.1(s) of Executive Order 13526, the Member or employee shall immediately notify the Senior Agency Official and appropriately protect the information.
- (c) If the Senior Agency Official believes the information warrants classification, it shall be sent to the appropriate agency with original classification authority over the subject matter, or to the Information Security Oversight Office, for review and a classification determination.
- (d) If there is reasonable doubt about the need to classify information, it shall be safeguarded as if it were classified pending a determination by an original classification authority. If there is reasonable doubt about the appropriate level of classification, it shall be safeguarded at the higher level of classification pending a determination by an original classification authority.

[49 FR 44401, Nov. 6, 1984, as amended at 64 FR 23548, May 3, 1999; 76 FR 10263, Feb. 24, 2011]

§ 503.55 Derivative classification.

(a) In accordance with Part 2 of Executive Order 13526 and directives of the Information Security Oversight Office, the incorporation, paraphrasing, restating or generation in new form of information that is already classified, and the marking of newly developed

- material consistent with the classification markings that apply to the source information, is derivative classification.
- (1) Derivative classification includes the classification of information based on classification guidance.
- (2) The duplication or reproduction of existing classified information is not derivative classification.
- (b) Members or employees applying derivative classification markings shall:
- (1) Observe and respect original classification decisions; and
- (2) Carry forward to any newly created documents the pertinent classification markings.
- (3) For information derivatively classified based on multiple sources, the Member or employee shall carry forward:
- (i) The date or event for declassification that corresponds to the longest period of classification among the sources; and
- (ii) A listing of these sources on or attached to the official file or record copy.
- (c) Documents classified derivatively shall bear all markings prescribed by 32 CFR 2001.20 through 2001.23 and shall otherwise conform to the requirements of 32 CFR 2001.20 through 2001.23.
- (1) Classification authority. The authority for classification shall be shown as follows:
- (i) "Classified by (description of source documents or classification guide)," or
- (ii) "Classified by multiple sources," if a document is classified on the basis of more than one source document or classification guide.
- (iii) In these cases, the derivative classifier shall maintain the identification of each source with the file or record copy of the derivatively classified document. A document derivatively classified on the basis of a source document that is marked "Classified by Multiple Sources" shall cite the source document in its "Classified by" line rather than the term "Multiple sources."
- (2) Declassification and downgrading instructions. Date or events for automatic declassification or downgrading, or the notation "Originating Agency's